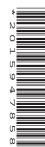
Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		



MATHEMATICS 0580/41

Paper 4 (Extended) May/June 2022

2 hours 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 130.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 20 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

1	(a)	The list shows	15 midday	tamparaturas	in dagrage	Calcine	in Suntour
1	(a)	THE HST SHOWS	13 IIIIuuay	temperatures.	, ili degrees	Ccisius,	, ili Sulitowi

17	21	21	18	23	22	25	19
21	17	19	18	21	24	23	

(i) Complete the stem-and-leaf diagram to show this information.

1	7
2	

Key: 1|7 represents 17 °C

[2]

(ii) Find the median.



(iii) Find the upper quartile.

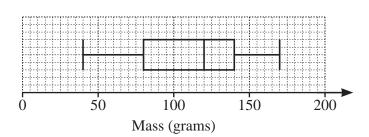


(iv) Rahul draws a pie chart to show this information.

Calculate the sector angle for the number of days the temperature is $18\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

.....[2]

(b)



The box-and-whisker plot shows information about the masses, in grams, of some apples.

(i) Find the median.

§	[1]
---	-----

(ii) Find the range.



(iii) Find the interquartile range.

(c) (i) The time, t minutes, spent on homework in one week by each of 200 students is recorded. The table shows the results.

Time (t minutes)	40 < <i>t</i> ≤ 60	$60 < t \le 80$	$80 < t \leqslant 90$	90 < <i>t</i> ≤ 100	$100 < t \le 150$	
Frequency	6	10	70	84	30	

Calculate an estimate of the mean.

..... min [4]

(ii) A new table with different class intervals is completed.

Time (t minutes)	40 < <i>t</i> ≤ 90	90 < <i>t</i> ≤ 150
Frequency	86	114

On a histogram the height of the bar for the $40 < t \le 90$ interval is 17.2 cm.

Calculate the height of the bar for the $90 < t \le 150$ interval.

.....cm [2]

(a)		ex, Bobbie and Chris share strawberries in the ratio ris receives 12 strawberries.	Alex : Bobbie : Chris $= 3 : 2 : 2$.	
	Cal	culate the total number of strawberries shared.		
				[2]
(b)	In a	a sale, a shop reduces all prices by 12%.		
	(i)	Dina buys a book which has an original price of S	86.50 .	
		Calculate how much Dina pays for the book.		
			\$	[2]
	(ii)	Elu pays \$11 for a toy.	Ψ	[4]
	(11)	Calculate the original price of the toy.		
		care and original price of the cop.		
			\$	[2]
(c)		i invests some money. e rate of interest for the first year is 2.5%.		
		the end of the second year the overall percentage in	acrease of Feri's investment is 6.6%.	
	Fin	d the rate of interest for the second year.		
			%	[2]

(d)	The initial mass is 80 g.							
	(i)	Find the mass at the end of 5 days.						
		g [2]						
	(ii)	Find how many more whole days, after day 5, it takes for the mass to reduce to less than 67 g.						
		[3]						

3	(a)	Geeta buys x apples, $(x+7)$ oranges and $(2x-1)$ bananas
		The total number of pieces of fruit Geeta buys is 30.

(i) Find the number of apples Geeta buys.

[2]
 13

(ii) The cost of one apple is 15 cents.

The cost of one orange is 18 cents.

The total cost of all the fruit is \$5.55.

Find the cost, in cents, of one banana.

(b) (i) Solve.

$$\frac{3w}{16} - 1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$w = \dots$$
 [2]

(ii)
$$\frac{3(2^{-y})}{16} - 1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

Find the value of *y*.

$$y = \dots$$
 [2]

(-)	(2)	C - 1	41	-:14	
(c)	(1)	Solve	tne	simultaneous	equations

$$2p+q=2$$

$$p-q=-\frac{1}{2}$$

<i>p</i> =	
<i>q</i> =	[2]

(ii) Hence, for $0^{\circ} \le u \le 360^{\circ}$ and $0^{\circ} \le v \le 360^{\circ}$, solve the simultaneous equations.

$$2\sin u + \cos v = 2$$
$$\sin u - \cos v = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$u = \dots$$
 or $u = \dots$
 $v = \dots$ or $v = \dots$ [4]

			8			
4		f(x) = 2x - 1	g(x) = 3x - 2	$h(x) = \frac{1}{x}, \ x \neq 0$	$j(x) = 5^x$	
	(a)	Find				
		(i) f(2),				
						[1]
		(ii) gf(2).				
						[1]
	(b)	Find $g^{-1}(x)$.				
				$g^{-1}(x) = \dots$		[2]
	(c)	Find x when $h(x) =$	= j(-2).			
				r =		[2]
	(d)	Write $f(x) - h(x)$	as a single fraction	<i>x</i> =		[2]
	(u)	whice $I(x) = I(x) = 0$	as a single fraction.			

.....[2]

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(e)	Find the	value	of	ii(2)
(6)	Tillu tile	varue	OI	JJ (2).

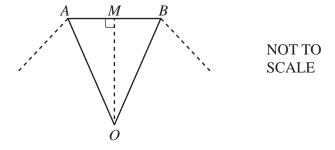
.....[1]

(f) Find *x* when $j^{-1}(x) = 4$.

 $x = \dots$ [2]

5 (a) *ABCDEFGH* is a regular octagon with sides of length 6cm. The diagram shows part of the octagon.

O is the centre of the octagon and M is the midpoint of AB.



(i) (a) Show that angle OAM is 67.5° .

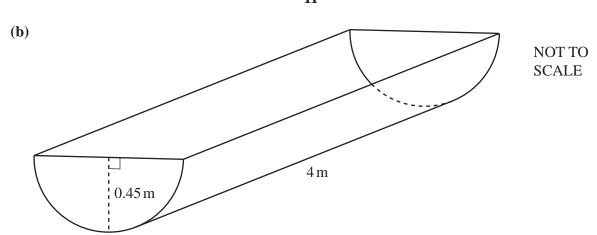
[2]

(b) Calculate the area of the octagon.

2	
 cm ²	14

(ii) Find the area of the circle that passes through the vertices of the octagon.

..... cm² [3



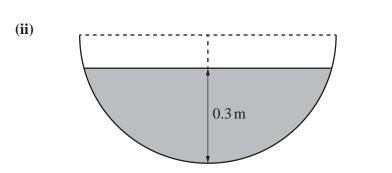
The diagram shows a horizontal container for water with a uniform cross-section.

The cross-section is a semicircle.

The radius of the semicircle is $0.45\,\mathrm{m}$ and the length of the container is $4\,\mathrm{m}$.

(i) Calculate the volume of the container.



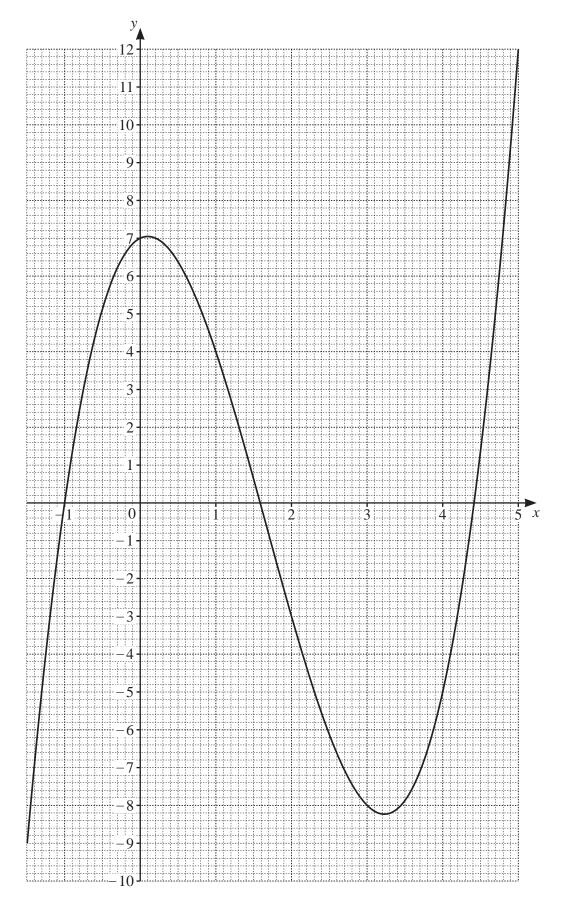


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The greatest depth of the water in the container is $0.3\,\mathrm{m}$. The diagram shows the cross-section.

Calculate the number of litres of water in the container. Give your answer correct to the nearest integer.

6 (a)



The diagram shows the graph of	y = f(x)	for $-1.5 \le x \le 5$
--------------------------------	----------	------------------------

(i) Find f(2).

 1	1
 1	ı

(ii) Solve the equation f(x) = 0 for $-1.5 \le x \le 5$.

$$x = \dots$$
 or $x = \dots$ [3]

(iii) f(x) = k has three solutions for $-1.5 \le x \le 5$ where k is an integer.

Find the smallest possible value of k.

$$k = \dots$$
 [1]

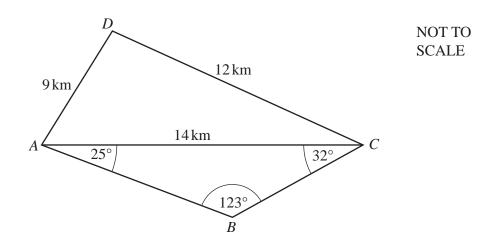
- (iv) On the grid, draw a line y = mx so that f(x) = mx has exactly one solution for $-1.5 \le x \le 5$.
- **(b)** $y = 3x^2 12x + 7$
 - (i) Find the value of $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when x = 5.

(ii) Find the coordinates of the point on the graph of $y = 3x^2 - 12x + 7$ where the gradient is 0.

(c) When $y = 2x^p + qx^2$, $\frac{dy}{dx} = 14x^6 + 6x$.

Find the value of p and the value of q.

$$q = \dots [2]$$



(a) Calculate angle *ACD*.

Angle
$$ACD = \dots$$
 [4]

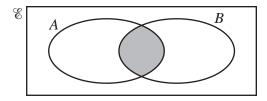
(b) Show that $BC = 7.05 \,\mathrm{km}$, correct to 2 decimal places.

[3]

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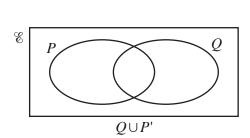
(c)	Calculate the shortest distance from B to AC .	
(d)	Calculate the length of the straight line BD .	km [3]
(e)	C is due east of A . Find the bearing of D from C .	BD = km [4]
		[2]

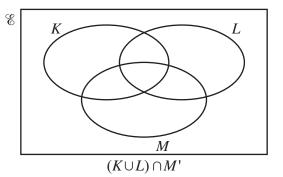
8 (a) (i) Use set notation to describe the shaded region in the Venn diagram.



[1]	ı
 ĹΙ.	

(ii) Shade the correct region in each Venn diagram.





[2]

(b)

V E N N D I A G R A M

The diagram shows 11 cards.

(i) One of these cards is chosen at random.

Write down the probability that the letter on the card is **not** A.

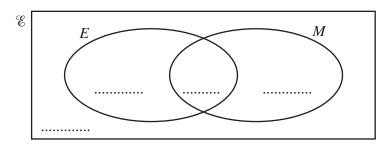


(ii) A card is chosen at random from these 11 cards and then replaced. A second card is then chosen at random.

Find the probability that exactly one card has the letter N.

.....[3]

(c)



50 students are asked if they like English (E) and if they like mathematics (M).

- 3 say they do not like English and do not like mathematics.
- 33 say they like English.
- 42 say they like mathematics.

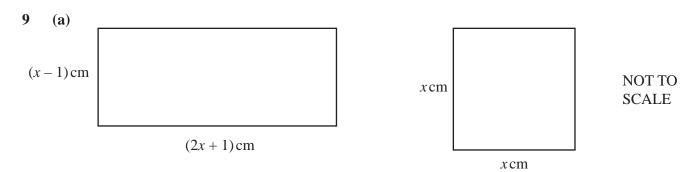
	• •	
(i)	Complete the Venn diagram.	[2]
(ii)	A student is chosen at random.	
	Find the probability that this student likes English and likes mathematics.	
		[1]
(iii)	Two students are chosen at random.	
	Find the probability that they both like mathematics.	

(iv) Two students who like English are chosen at random.

Find the probability that they both also like mathematics.

.....[2]

.....[2]

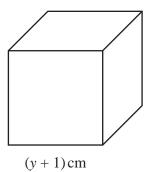


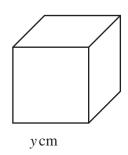
The area of the rectangle is $29 \, \text{cm}^2$ greater than the area of the square. The difference between the perimeters of the two shapes is $k \, \text{cm}$.

Find the value of *k*. You must show all your working.

$$k = \dots$$
 [6]

(b)





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PMT

The volume of the larger cube is 5 cm³ greater than the volume of the smaller cube.

Show that $3y^2 + 3y - 4 = 0$.

[4]

(ii) Find the volume of the smaller cube. Show all your working and give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

..... cm³ [4]

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